

ASCOT-SCT4/INT4

Domains

1	Control over daily life	The adult with care and support needs can choose what to do and when to do it, having control over his/her daily life and activities
2	Personal cleanliness and comfort	The adult with care and support needs feels he/she is personally clean and comfortable and looks presentable or, at best, is dressed and groomed in a way that reflects his/her personal preferences
3	Food and drink	The adult with care and support needs feels he/she has a nutritious, varied and culturally appropriate diet with enough food and drink he/she enjoys at regular and timely intervals
4	Personal safety	The adult with care and support needs feels safe and secure. This means being free from fear of abuse, falling or other physical harm and fear of being attacked or robbed
5	Social participation and involvement	The adult with care and support needs is content with their social situation, where social situation is taken to mean the sustenance of meaningful relationships with friends and family, and feeling involved or part of a community, should this be important to the service user
6	Occupation	The adult with care and support needs is sufficiently occupied in a range of meaningful activities whether it be formal employment, unpaid work, caring for others or leisure activities
7	Accommodation cleanliness and comfort	The adult with care and support needs feels their home environment, including all the rooms, is clean and comfortable
8	Dignity	The negative and positive psychological impact of support and care on the person's sense of self and personal significance

Reference:

Netten A, Burge P, Malley J, Potoglou D, Towers A, Brazier J, Flynn T, Forder J, Wall B (2012) Outcomes of Social Care for Adults: Developing a Preference-Weighted Measure, *Health Technology Assessment*, 16, 16, 1-165. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.3310/hta16160>

© University of Kent, all rights reserved.

This questionnaire has been developed by members of the Personal Social Services Research Unit (PSSRU) at the University of Kent at Canterbury, United Kingdom (UK). The work has been substantially funded by the Quality and Outcomes of Person-Centred Care Research Unit (QORU) under the Policy Research Programme in the UK Department of Health. The views expressed are not necessarily those of the Department. The University of Kent is the sole owner of the copyright in these materials. The University of Kent authorises non-commercial use of this questionnaire on the condition that anyone who uses it completes the following licence form (<https://www.pssru.ac.uk/ascot/not-for-profit/>) to enable the PSSRU at University of Kent to track authorised non-commercial use. The University of Kent does not automatically authorise commercial use of this questionnaire. Anyone wishing to obtain a licence for commercial use of any of the ASCOT materials should complete the for-profit licence form <https://www.pssru.ac.uk/ascot/for-profit-licenses/>. You may then be put in touch with the Research and Innovation Support, at the University of Kent.